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# 2019 CERTIFICATION

Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) Public Water System Name 033000g List PWS ID #s for all Community Water Systems included in this CCR The Federal Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) requires each Community Public Water System (PWS) to develop and distribute a Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) to its customers each year. Depending on the population served by the PWS, this CCR must be mailed or delivered to the customers, published in a newspaper of local circulation, or provided to the customers upon request. Make sure you follow the proper procedures when distributing the CCR. You must email, fax (but not preferred) or mail, a copy of the CCR and Certification to the MSDH. Please check all boxes that apply. Customers were informed of availability of CCR by: (Attach copy of publication, water bill or other) Advertisement in local paper (Attach copy of advertisement) On water bills (Attach copy of bill) ☐ Email message (Email the message to the address below)  $\Box$ □ Other  $\Box$ Date(s) customers were informed: 7 / / /2020 CCR was distributed by U.S. Postal Service or other direct delivery. Must specify other direct delivery methods used Date Mailed/Distributed: / / Date Emailed: / / 2020 CCR was distributed by Email (Email MSDH a copy) (Provide Direct URL) □ As a URL \_\_\_\_\_ As an attachment ☐ As text within the body of the email message CCR was published in local newspaper. (Attach copy of published CCR or proof of publication) Name of Newspaper:\_\_\_\_\_ Date Posted: 6 / 29 / 2020 Date Published: \_\_\_\_/\_/ CCR was posted in public places. (Attach list of locations) CCR was posted on a publicly accessible internet site at the following address: (Provide Direct URL) I hereby certify that the CCR has been distributed to the customers of this public water system in the form and manner identified above and that I used distribution methods allowed by the SDWA. I further certify that the information included in this CCR is true and correct and is consistent with the water quality monitoring data provided to the PWS officials by the Mississippi State Department of Health, Bureau of Public Water Supply Name/Title (Board President, Mayor, Owner, Admin. Contact, etc.) Submission options (Select one method ONLY) Email: water.reports@msdh.ms.gov Mail: (U.S. Postal Service) MSDH, Bureau of Public Water Supply Fax: (601) 576 - 7800 \*\*Not a preferred method due to poor clarity \*\* P.O. Box 1700 Jackson, MS 39215

CCR Deadline to MSDH & Customers by July 1, 2020!

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# 2019 Drinking Water Quality Report City of Waveland PWS 0230002

#### Is my water safe?

We are pleased to present this year's Annual Water Quality Report (Consumer Confidence Report) as required by the Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA). This report is designed to provide details about where your water comes from, what it contains, and how it compares to standards set by regulatory agencies. This report is a snapshot of last year's water quality. We are committed to providing you with information because informed customers are our best allies.

#### Do I need to take special precautions?

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/Centers for Disease Control (CDC) guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Water Drinking Hotline (800-426-4791).

#### Where does my water come from?

Our water source is from wells drawing from the Graham Ferry Formation Aquifer.

#### Source water assessment and its availability

The source water assessment ranks our water supply as moderate for susceptibility to contamination. This report is available in the office.

#### Why are there contaminants in my drinking water?

Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that

water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's (EPA) Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791). The sources of drinking water (both tap water and bottled water) include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs, and wells. As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive material, and can pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals or from human activity:

microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife; inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban stormwater runoff, industrial, or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming; pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban stormwater runoff, and residential uses; organic Chemical Contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations, urban stormwater runoff, and septic systems; and radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities. In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) regulations establish limits for contaminants in bottled water which must provide the same protection for public health.

#### How can I get involved?

If you have any questions concerning your drinking water, please contact Mickey Lagasse at 228-467-4134

#### **Description of Water Treatment Process**

Your water is treated by disinfection. Disinfection involves the addition of chlorine or other disinfectant to kill dangerous bacteria and microorganisms that may be in the water. Disinfection is considered to be one of the major public health advances of the 20th century.

#### Monitoring and reporting of compliance data violations

VIOLATION: FAILURE TO SEND CONFIRMATION OF CONSUMER CONFIDENCE REPORT DISTRIBUTION TO THE MISSISSIPPI STATE HEALTH DEPARTMENT BY JULY 1ST 2019.

CORRECTION: EMAILED CONFIRMATION OF CONSUMER CONFIDENCE REPORT DISTRIBUTION TO THE MISSISSIPPI STATE HEALTH DEPARTMENT ON JULY 8TH 2019.

#### Results of voluntary monitoring

To comply with the "Regulation Governing Fluoridation of Community Water Supplies", MS0230002 is required to report certain results pertaining to fluoridation of our water system. The number of months in the previous calendar year in which average fluoride sample results were within the optimal range of 0.6-1.2 ppm was 4. The percentage of fluoride samples collected in the previous calendar year that was within the optimal range of 0.6-1.2 ppm was 46%.

#### **Additional Information for Lead**

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. City of Waveland is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead.

### **Water Quality Data Table**

In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations which limit the amount of contaminants in water provided by public water systems. The table below lists all of the drinking water contaminants that we detected during the calendar year of this report. Although many more contaminants were tested, only those substances listed below were found in your water. All sources of drinking water contain some naturally occurring contaminants. At low levels, these substances are generally not harmful in our drinking water. Removing all contaminants would be extremely expensive, and in most cases, would not provide increased protection of public health. A few naturally occurring minerals may actually improve the taste of drinking water and have nutritional value at low levels. Unless otherwise noted, the data presented in this table is from testing done in the calendar year of the report. The EPA or the State requires us to monitor for certain contaminants less than once per year because the concentrations of these contaminants do not vary significantly from year to year, or the system is not considered vulnerable to this type of contamination. As such, some of our data, though representative, may be more than one year old. In this table you will find terms and abbreviations

that might not be familiar to you. To help you better understand these terms, we have provided the definitions below the table.

		MCL, TT, or MRDL	Detect	1000	inge			
Contaminants	MCLG or MRDLG		r You	ır	High	Sample Date		Typical Source
Disinfectants & Disini	fection By-	Produ	cts					
(There is convincing ex	idence that	t addition	on of a	disinfecta	ınt is n	ecessary	for contro	of microbial contaminants)
Chlorine (as Cl2) (ppm)	4	4	1	.5	1.4	2019	No	Water additive used to control microbes
Haloacetic Acids (HAA5) (ppb)	NA	60	9	NA	NA	2019	No	By-product of drinking water chlorination
TTHMs [Total Trihalomethanes] (ppb)	NA	80	8.3	2 NA	NA	2019	No	By-product of drinking water disinfection
Inorganic Contamina	nts				1.015			
Barium (ppm)	2	2	.015	57 NA	NA	2018	No	Discharge of drilling wastes; Discharge from metal refineries; Erosion of natural deposits
Chromium (ppb)	100	100	4.4	l NA	NA	2018	No	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; Erosion of natural deposits
Contaminants	MCL	G AL		Sample Date	Exce	nples eding L	Exceeds AL	Typical Source
Inorganic Contamina	nts				tolizon Notes			
Copper - action level at consumer taps (ppm)	1.3	1.3	.2	2016	10	)	No	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural deposits
Lead - action level at consumer taps (ppb)	0	15	2	2016	(	)	No	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural deposits

## **Additional Contaminants**

In an effort to insure the safest water possible the State has required us to monitor some contaminants not required by Federal regulations. Of those contaminants only the ones listed below were found in your water.

Contaminants	State MCL	Your Water	Violation	Explanation and Comment
SODIUM	250000 PPB	160000 PPB	I No	LIKELY SOURCE OF CONTAMINATION: erosion of natural deposits

nit Descriptions						
Term	Definition					
ppm	ppm: parts per million, or milligrams per liter (mg/L)					
ppb	ppb: parts per billion, or micrograms per liter (μg/L)					
NA	NA: not applicable					
ND	ND: Not detected					
NR	NR: Monitoring not required, but recommended.					

Important Drin	king Water Definitions
Term	Definition
MCLG	MCLG: Maximum Contaminant Level Goal: The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.
MCL	MCL: Maximum Contaminant Level: The highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.
TT	TT: Treatment Technique: A required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.
AL	AL: Action Level: The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.
Variances and Exemptions	Variances and Exemptions: State or EPA permission not to meet an MCL or a treatment technique under certain conditions.
MRDLG	MRDLG: Maximum residual disinfection level goal. The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.
MRDL	MRDL: Maximum residual disinfectant level. The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants.
MNR	MNR: Monitored Not Regulated
MPL	MPL: State Assigned Maximum Permissible Level

#### For more information please contact:

Contact Name: Mickey Lagasse Address: 301 Coleman Ave.

Waveland, MS 39576 Phone: 228-467-4134



# POST OFFICE BOX 2009 BAY SAINT LOUIS, MS 39521-2009

# PROOF OF PUBLICATION

HANCOCK	COUNTY						
PERSONAL	LY appear	ed before me t	he undersigne	ed authority in	and for said (	County and St	ate,
		vice president					

City of Bay Saint Louis, said Cou	inty, who being duly sworn, deposes en made in the said publication	and says the publication of this
On thel day ofปป	2020	

On the \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_ 2020

On the \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_ 2020

On the \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_ 2020

Vice President

STATE OF MISSISSIPPI

Sworn to and subscribed before me A NOTARY PUBLIC

This \_ 2 day of \_ August

2020

#### 2019 Drinking Water Quality Report City of Waveland PWS 0230002

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This report is a providing you with information because information customers are our best nillos.

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Your water is treated by distancetion, Disinfession involves the addition of calisrine or other distances to kill dangerous betteris and salerorganisms that may be in the water, Disinfession is nonativened to be one of the reador public leath) advances of the 20th certainy.

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(sign) Chlorine (se cm)	100	III di			10	2019	740	Water addition stand to opened microbes
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YTHING [Total Tribatemediance] (pph)	NA	40	<b>1.32</b>	HA	MA	2019	Na	Dy product of driesting with a distribution
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Elacture (pyres)		2	A137	MA	NA	2018	No	Discharge of drilling warms. Discharge from motel refunctor; Errodon of mahmal deposits
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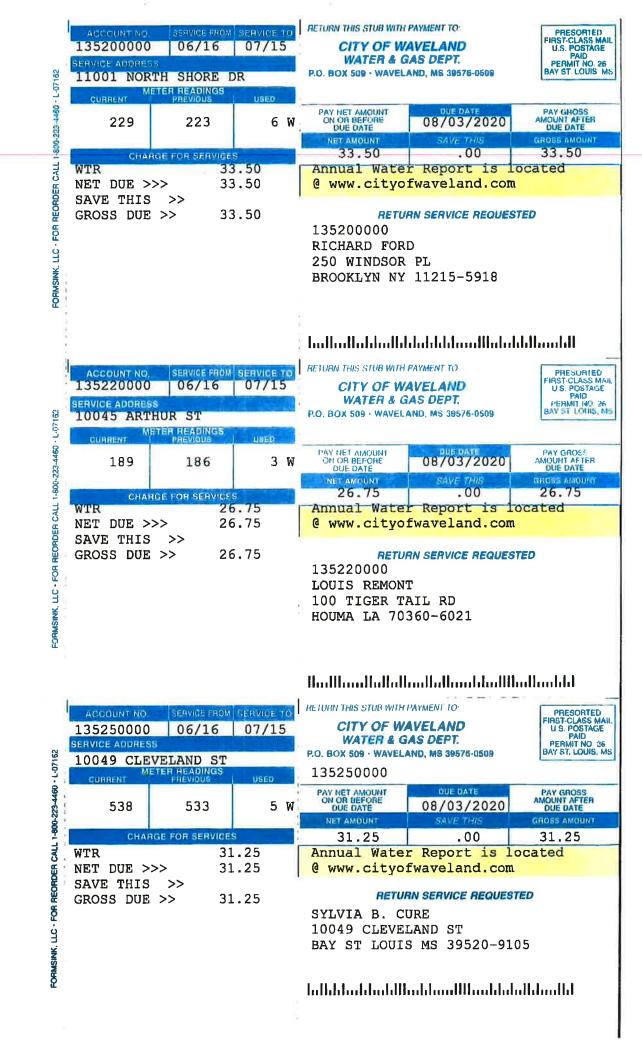
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NA :	- 1 V	NA: not applicable	40.074.00
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Impartent Drie	bing Water Definitions
Term	Definition
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MCL	MCLI Maximum Conteminant Level: The highest level of a consuminant that is attered in driabling water. MCLs are see as alone to the MCLGs as flexible using the best available transcent subscolings.
77	TT: Treatment Technique: A required process intended to reduce the level of a sentent least for defining water.
AL	ALL Action Lavel: The consecuration of a conteminant which, if assessed, miggars treatment or other requirements which a water system seast follow.
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MNA	MONTH Monthered Not Regulated
MPL.	ACPL: State Assigned Maximum Permissible Love!





06/29/2020

To Whom This May Concern:

List of Public Locations for the CCR Report:

Front Lobby of Waveland City Hall

Back Lobby of Waveland City Hall

Respectfully Submitted,

Julie Bromwell City of Waveland 228-467-9248 Office 228-467-9845 Fax